

CLASSIFICATION DES SÉRIES DISCRÈTES POUR CERTAINS GROUPES CLASSIQUES p -ADIQUES

C. MŒGLIN

ABSTRACT. The goal of this paper is to prove how Arthur's results, in the case of split odd orthogonal p -adic groups, imply the Langlands' classification of discrete series. Of course this need the validity of "fundamental" lemmas which are not yet available. And this include a Langlands classification of cuspidal irreducible representations for such groups.